1 2

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

4

3

RAM SING,

٧.

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

3:18-CV-0406-MMD-VPC

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

OF U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE

6 7

5

MINERAL COUNTY, 8

9

10

11

12 13

14 15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

This report and recommendation is made to the Honorable Miranda M. Du, United States District Judge. The action was referred to the undersigned Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and the Local Rules of Practice, LR IB 1-4.

On August 14, 2019, the court granted plaintiff's request to proceed in forma pauperis (ECF No. 4). However, the court dismissed plaintiff's complaint with leave to amend for failure to state a colorable claim against this defendant. (Id.) Plaintiff was granted thirty (30) days to file an amended complaint to cure the deficiencies outlined in the screening order. (Id.) Plaintiff was cautioned that his case would be dismissed with prejudice if he failed to file an amended complaint within the time allotted. (Id.) To date, plaintiff has failed to file an amended complaint.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal" of a case. Thompson v. Hous. Auth. Of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply

with an order requiring amendment of complaint); *Carey v. King*, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring *pro se* plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); *Malone v. U.S. Postal Service*, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. *Thompson*, 782 F.2d 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

Here, the court finds the first two factors, the public's interest in expeditiously resolving this litigation and the court's interest in managing the docket, weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to defendants, also weighs in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor – public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits – is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning that his failure to obey the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 F.2d 1424. The court's order requiring plaintiff to file an amended complaint within thirty days expressly stated: "If Sing fails to timely file an amended complaint that addresses the deficiencies noted in this Order, it may result in a recommendation for dismissal with prejudice of the complaint. (ECF No. 4, pg. 5). Thus, plaintiff had adequate warning that dismissal would

result from his noncompliance with the court's order to file an amended complaint within thirty days.

Based upon the foregoing, the undersigned magistrate judge recommends that this action be dismissed with prejudice.

The parties should be aware of the following:

- 1. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(c) and Rule IB 3-2 of the Local Rules of Practice, the parties may file specific written objections to this Report and Recommendation within fourteen days of receipt. These objections should be entitled "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation" and should be accompanied by points and authorities for consideration by the District Court.
- 2. This Report and Recommendation is not an appealable order and any notice of appeal pursuant to Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(1) should not be filed until entry of the District Court's judgment.

RECOMMENDATION

For the reason stated above, the undersigned Magistrate Judge recommends that the District Court enter an order **DISMISSING** this action with prejudice.

DATED: October 16, 2019.

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE